DIESEL 9-1-1 BENEFITS

- De-ices frozen fuel-filters no requirement to change fuel-filters
- · Prevents fuel-filter icing
- Reliquefies gelled fuel in minutes no tow truck needed
- Removes water from fuel system extends life of fuel-filters, fuel-injection pumps and fuel injectors
- Contains Slickdiesel® for maximum fuel lubrication — protects against Low and Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) wear
- ULSD compliant contains less than 15 parts per million (ppm) sulfur
- Effective in all diesel fuels, including ULSD and biodiesel blends containing up to 20% biodiesel (B20)



DIRECTIONS FOR USING DIESEL 9-1-1 — SOLVES WINTER FUEL EMERGENCIES

To De-Ice Frozen Fuel-Filters

Water is dissolved in and carried by all diesel fuels. At temperatures below +32°F., water that has collected in fuel-filters freezes. This causes decreased fuel flow to the engine and results in reduced engine power or engine shutdown.

To de-ice frozen fuel-filters, check to ensure that diesel fuel in the equipment fuel tanks is not gelled. If fuel is liquid:

- 1. Remove fuel-filters.
- 2. Empty remaining liquid from fuel-filters.
- 3. Fill fuel-filters with 50% Diesel 9-1-1® and 50% diesel fuel.
- 4. Reinstall fuel-filters.
- 5. Start engine.
- 6. If outside temperature is below +20°F., add Power Service® Diesel Fuel Supplement®+Cetane Boost® as directed to prevent fuel gelling.

To Reliquefy Gelled Diesel Fuel

During cold weather operation, diesel fuel that has not been treated with Power Service **Diesel Fuel Supplement +Cetane Boost** can change from a liquid to a solid. This transformation is called gelling.

To reliquefy gelled diesel fuel:

- 1. Add 80 ounces of **Diesel 9-1-1** to each 100 gallons of fuel in equipment tanks.
- 2. Remove fuel-filters.
- 3. Fill fuel-filters with 50% Diesel 9-1-1 and 50% diesel fuel.
- 4. Reinstall fuel-filters.
- 5. Start engine let idle to warm up fuel system before resuming normal operation.
- Add Power Service Diesel Fuel Supplement
 +Cetane Boost as directed to prevent further gelling.

To Remove Water and Prevent **Fuel-Filter Icing**

Diesel fuel systems accumulate water during normal operations. The constant recirculation of diesel fuel for lubrication and cooling of fuel injectors causes thermal variations within fuel tanks and produces water in the form of condensation. Water can also be introduced into a fuel system from fuel suppliers that do not periodically check their fuel-handling equipment for water contamination.

Refer to the table below to determine the amount of Diesel 9-1-1® to add to your fuel. For biodiesel blends containing a maximum of 20% biodiesel (B20), add two times the amount of additive listed below:

Gals Diesel Fuel to Treat	Ounces of Additive Required	Gals Diesel Fuel to Treat	Ounces of Additive Required
3 gal	1 oz	100 gal	32 oz
40 gal	16 oz	250 gal	80 oz



TYPICAL PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF DIESEL 9-1-1

Color Straw Yellow
Density (lbs/gal) 6.73
Sulfur Content
Flash Point65°F.
Pour Point
Shelf Life Indefinitely In Sealed Container
Solubility
In Diesel Fuel Completely Soluble
In Biodiesel and Biodiesel Blends Completely Soluble
In Kerosene Completely Soluble
Shipping and Handling
Part Nos. 8016, 8025, 8080 Consumer Commodity ORMD
Part Nos. 8050, 8055 Flammable Liquid N.O.S. UN 1993
(Hydroxy Compounds

Use of Diesel 9•1•1 will not harm oxidation catalysts or diesel particulate filters on 2007 or newer engines.

This diesel fuel additive complies with the federal low sulfur content requirements for use in diesel motor vehicles and nonroad engines.

Two/2.5-Gallon

55-Gallon Drum

	PART#	PACK
NEW	8016-09	9/1 16-Ounce
	8025-12	12/1 32-Ounce
	8080-06	6/1 80-Ounce

8050-02

8055

Up to 40 Gallons 30 to 75 Gallons 100 to 200 Gallons Up to 500 Gallons Up to 11,000 Gallons

TREATS

